## Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

## COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/22
Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)
October/November 2021
45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet<br>Soft clean eraser<br>Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## INSTRUCTIONS

- There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.


## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40 .
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

1 Movement is a characteristic of all living organisms.
Which two other characteristics of living organisms provide the energy for movement?
A excretion and nutrition
B growth and sensitivity
C nutrition and respiration
D respiration and growth

2 The diagrams show three different specialised cells.

1

not to scale

2


Which row shows the correct functions of cells 1,2 and 3 ?

|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | absorbs water | transports oxygen | moves mucus |
| B | absorbs water | transports oxygen | absorbs digested food |
| C | transports oxygen | absorbs water | moves mucus |
| D | transports oxygen | absorbs water | absorbs digested food |

3 A biological molecule is analysed and found to contain carbon, oxygen, hydrogen and nitrogen.
What is this biological molecule?
A fat
B glucose
C protein
D starch

4 The graph shows the effect of pH on the activity of an enzyme.
Where on the graph would collisions between enzyme and substrate be most effective?


5 Which letters from the list represent the balanced equation for photosynthesis?

| P | $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ | T | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q | $6 \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ | U | $6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |
| R | $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ | V | $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ |
| S | $6 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ | W | $6 \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |

A $\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{V}$
B $\mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{S}+\mathrm{U}$
C $\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{W}+\mathrm{P}$
D $\mathrm{U}+\mathrm{S} \rightarrow \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{W}$

6 During pregnancy, a woman is told she is iron-deficient.
Which food could she eat to increase the iron content in her diet?
A cheese
B fruit
C milk
D red meat

7 The diagram shows part of the alimentary canal and associated structures.


Which row correctly identifies structure X , an enzyme secreted by structure X and the action of this enzyme?

|  | structure X | enzyme | action of enzyme |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | liver | amylase | converts proteins to amino acids |
| B | pancreas | amylase | converts starch to simple sugars |
| C | liver | protease | converts proteins to amino acids |
| D | pancreas | protease | converts starch to simple sugars |

8 The graph shows the rate and depth of breathing of a student at rest.


Which graph shows the rate and depth of breathing of the student immediately after five minutes of physical activity?
A

B

C

D


9 A plant shoot is illuminated from one side only.
What collects on the shaded side of the plant shoot?
A auxin
B chlorophyll
C glucose
D starch

10 Which row is correct for sexual reproduction?

|  | gametes are <br> formed | offspring genetically <br> identical to parents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | no | no |
| B | yes | no |
| C | no | yes |
| D | yes | yes |

11 Which row correctly describes features of human egg cells and sperm cells?

|  | egg cells | sperm cells |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | energy stores present | enzymes present |
| B | enzymes present | energy stores present |
| C | produced in large numbers | flagellum present |
| D | flagellum present | produced in large numbers |

12 The diagram represents four organisms in a food chain.

$$
\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{~V} \rightarrow \mathrm{~W}
$$

Which organisms are consumers?
A T, U and V
B T, U and W
C T, V and W
D U, V and W

13 During eutrophication, what is the main reason for the increased growth of producers?
A increased availability of carbon dioxide
B increased availability of nitrate
C increased availability of oxygen
D increased availability of water

14 Which dot-and-cross diagram represents the bonding in a molecule of carbon dioxide?

B
C
D



15 Copper forms two different ions, $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Cu}^{+}$.
Copper forms two different oxides.
What are the formulae of these two oxides?
A $\mathrm{CuO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ and CuO
C $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{CuO}_{2}$
D CuO and $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

16 Which statements about bond breaking and bond forming are correct?
1 Bond breaking is endothermic.
2 Bond breaking is exothermic.
3 Bond forming is endothermic.
4 Bond forming is exothermic.
A 1 and 3
B 1 and 4
C 2 and 3
D 2 and 4

17 Hydrogen peroxide decomposes to form water and oxygen.
Which changes in temperature and in concentration both reduce the rate of this reaction?

|  | temperature of <br> hydrogen peroxide | concentration of <br> hydrogen peroxide |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | decrease | decrease |
| B | decrease | increase |
| C | increase | decrease |
| D | increase | increase |

18 Aluminium reacts with iron oxide to produce iron.
The equation is shown.

$$
2 \mathrm{Al}+\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+2 \mathrm{Fe}
$$

Which row identifies the oxidising agent and the reducing agent?

|  | oxidising agent | reducing agent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Fe | Al |
| B | Fe | $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ |
| C | $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ | Al |
| D | $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ |

19 Ammonia dissolves in water.
Which test shows that the solution has a pH of 9 ?
A Blue litmus paper stays blue.
B Red litmus paper turns blue.
C Universal indicator paper turns green.
D Universal indicator paper turns blue.

20 A piece of damp blue litmus paper is placed in a gas.
The litmus paper turns red and then turns white.
What is the gas?
A carbon dioxide
B chlorine
C hydrogen
D oxygen

21 Fluorine is an element in Group VII of the Periodic Table.
Which statement about fluorine is correct?
A Fluorine is a metal with a low melting point.
B Fluorine is a gas and is less reactive than bromine.
C Fluorine molecules are diatomic.
D Chlorine displaces fluorine from its compounds.

## 9

22 Which statement about transition elements is not correct?
A They can act as catalysts.
B They can be metals or non-metals.
C They have high densities.
D They have high melting points.

23 Brass is an alloy.
What is brass?
A a compound containing two metallic elements
B a compound containing two non-metallic elements
C a mixture containing two metallic elements
D a mixture containing two non-metallic elements

24 Which two substances react together?
A aluminium and aqueous magnesium sulfate
B copper and aqueous iron(II) sulfate
C iron and aqueous zinc sulfate
D zinc and aqueous copper sulfate

25 Which row shows how copper can be obtained from copper oxide?

|  | heat copper oxide <br> with carbon | electrolysis of <br> molten copper oxide |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| B | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |
| C | $x$ | $\checkmark$ |
| D | $x$ | $x$ |

26 Magnesium carbonate reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid.
Calcium carbonate decomposes when heated.
Which gas is produced in both reactions?
A carbon dioxide
B carbon monoxide
C chlorine
D hydrogen

27 The fractional distillation of petroleum is shown.


Which fraction contains molecules that have the largest attractive forces?
A bitumen
B diesel
C gasoline
D refinery gas

28 A car accelerates from rest at a constant rate. It then moves with constant speed and finally comes to rest with non-constant deceleration.

Which diagram shows the speed-time graph for the car?
A


C

D


29 Four planets have different gravitational field strengths.
An object has a mass of 50 kg .
Which gravitational field strength causes the object to have a weight of 450 N?

|  | gravitational field strength |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{kg}$ |  |
| A | 4.5 |  |
| B | 5.0 |  |
| C | 9.0 |  |
| D | 10.0 |  |

30 Which process is the source of the energy released from the Sun?
A chemical reactions
B geothermal heating
C nuclear fission
D nuclear fusion

31 Which statements about liquids and gases are correct?
1 Molecules in gases are further apart than molecules in liquids.
2 Molecules in liquids and gases are arranged randomly.
3 When a liquid evaporates, the temperature of the remaining liquid decreases.
A 1 and 2 only
B 1 and 3 only
C 2 and 3 only
D 1, 2 and 3

32 The bottom of a container of water is heated.


A convection current forms and water rises from $P$ to $Q$.
Which statement is correct?
A Water at P expands and decreases in density.
B Water at P expands and increases in density.
C Water at Q expands and decreases in density.
D Water at $Q$ expands and increases in density.

33 A microwave oven uses microwaves with a frequency of $2.5 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~Hz}$.
What is the wavelength of these microwaves?
A 0.0075 m
B 0.12 m
C 7.5 m
D 12 m

34 A ray of light passes through a glass window.
Which path does it take?


35 A thin converging lens is used as a magnifying glass.
The focal length of the lens is 5.0 cm .
How far from the lens is the object placed?
A less than 5.0 cm
B between 5.0 cm and 10 cm
C 10 cm
D more than 10 cm

36 A lightning strike transfers 20 C of charge in $5.0 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~s}$.
What is the average current during the lightning strike?
A $2.5 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~A}$
B $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~A}$
C $\quad 1.0 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{~A}$
D $\quad 4.0 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~A}$

37 A circuit contains a battery connected to a resistor.


Which values of electromotive force (e.m.f.) and resistance produce the smallest current in the circuit?

|  | e.m.f. $/ \mathrm{V}$ | resistance $/ \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 6.0 | 10 |
| B | 6.0 | 20 |
| C | 24 | 80 |
| D | 24 | 160 |

38 Four wires are made from the same material but have different lengths and diameters.
Which wire has the smallest resistance?

|  | length <br> $/ \mathrm{cm}$ | diameter <br> $/ \mathrm{mm}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 50 | 0.10 |
| B | 50 | 0.20 |
| C | 100 | 0.10 |
| D | 100 | 0.20 |

39 The diagrams show four circuits, each containing an ammeter and two lamps with different resistances.

Which circuit shows an ammeter with a reading equal to the current in each lamp?
A
B

C

D


40 The diagram shows a circuit with four labelled components.
One component breaks the circuit automatically when the current becomes too large.
Which component does this?


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The Periodic Table of Elements


| $\begin{gathered} 57 \\ \substack{\text { Lantanum } \\ \text { cant } \\ 139} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ \mathrm{Ce} \\ \substack{\text { cerium } \\ 140 \\ \text { an }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59 \\ \text { prasodymium } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 60 } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { nd } \\ \text { neosmmium } \\ 144 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{61}{\substack{\text { Pm } \\ \text { romentium }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 62 \\ \mathrm{Sm}_{\substack{\text { samaium } \\ 150}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 63 \\ \substack{64 \\ \text { europium } \\ 152} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 65 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Tetbum } \\ \text { terium } \\ 159 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 66 \\ \text { Dy } \\ \text { dyyposum } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 67 \\ \substack{67 \\ \text { nolnium } \\ 165} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ \text { Er } \begin{array}{c} \text { erbium } \\ 167 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 69 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { tutum } \\ \text { thum } \\ 169 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ \mathrm{Yb} \\ \substack{\text { ytebibium } \\ 173} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 71 \\ \mathrm{~L}^{\text {Lutetium }} \\ 175 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | ${ }^{98}$ | 99 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 |
| Ac actirium | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tht } \\ \substack{\text { thorium } \\ 232} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \mathrm{Pa} \\ \text { protactivium } \\ 231 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { uratium } \\ \text { unc } \\ 238 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { neptunium }}{\mathrm{Np}}$ | Pu pluonium | Am ameicium | $\mathrm{Cm}$ curium | $\underset{\text { berkelium }}{\mathrm{Bk}}$ | $\underset{\text { calliforium }}{\mathrm{Cf}}$ | $\underset{\text { einsterium }}{\text { Es }}$ | Fm fermium | $\underset{\text { mendedevium }}{\text { Md }}$ | No nobelium | $\underset{\text { awencoum }}{\mathrm{Lr}}$ |

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

